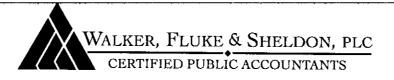
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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Township Board Bloomer Township Montcalm County, Michigan

We have audited the accompanying basic financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Bloomer Township, Michigan, as of and for the year ended March 31, 2008, which collectively comprise the Township's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of Bloomer Township, Michigan's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of Bloomer Township, Michigan, as of March 31, 2008, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The required supplementary information listed in the table of contents is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

The accompanying financial statements do not present a management's discussion and analysis, which would be an analysis of the financial performance for the year. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board has determined that this analysis is necessary to supplement, although not required to be part of, the basic financial statements.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise Bloomer Township's basic financial statements. The additional supplementary information listed in the table of contents is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the financial statements of Bloomer Township, Michigan. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the general purpose financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly presented in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Hastings, Michigan August 25, 2008 Walker, Fluxe & Shelda, PLC

BLOOMER TOWNSHIP GOVERNMENT WIDE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS March 31, 2008

	Primary Primary	Primary Government				
	Governmental					
ASSETS	Activities	Total				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 333,469	\$ 333,469				
Investments	216,455	216,455				
Receivables						
Taxes	3,869	3,869				
Due From State	27,933	27,933				
Due From Other Funds	1,678	1,678				
Due From Other Units of Government	75,000	75,000				
Capital Assets (Net of Accumulated Depreciation)	12,216	12,216				
Total Assets	670,620	670,620				
LIABILITIES						
Liabilities						
Accounts Payable	69,616	69,616				
Total Liabilities	69,616	69,616				
NET ASSETS						
Net Assets						
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt	12,216	12,216				
Unrestricted	588,788	588,788				
Total Net Assets	\$ 601,004	\$ 601,004				

BLOOMER TOWNSHIP GOVERNMENT WIDE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended March 31, 2008

			Program		Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Assets			
			R	Revenues		Primary Government		
Functions/Programs	E	xpenses		-		ernmental ctivities	l Total	
Primary Government								
Governmental Activities								
Legislative	\$	7,331	\$	-	\$	(7,331)	\$	(7,331)
General Government		49,089		2,835		(46,254)		(46,254)
Public Safety		14,656		2,874		(11,782)		(11,782)
Public Works		173,983		-		(173,983)		(173,983)
Community and Economic Development		7,291		1,435		(5,856)		(5,856)
Other		10,125				(10,125)		(10,125)
Total Governmental Activities		262,475		7,144		(255,331)	_	(255,331)
Total Primary Government	<u>\$</u>	262,475	\$	7,144		(255,331)	_	(255,331)
General Revenues								
Taxes						42,291		42,291
State Grants	-					183,382		183,382
Investment Income						19,221		19,221
Other						3,448		3,448
Total General Revenues						248,342		248,342
Change in Net Assets						(6,989)		(6,989)
Net Assets-Beginning						607,993	_	607,993
Net Assets-Ending					\$	601,004	\$	601,004

BLOOMER TOWNSHIP GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCE SHEET March 31, 2008

		Total		
		Governmental		
ASSETS	General	Funds		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 333,469	\$ 333,469		
Investments	216,455	216,455		
Receivables				
Taxes	3,869	3,869		
Due From State	27,933	27,933		
Due From Other Funds	1,678	1,678		
Due From Other Units of Government	75,000	75,000		
Total Assets	\$ 658,404	\$ 658,404		
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE				
Liabilities				
Accounts Payable	\$ 69,616	\$ 69,616		
Deferred Revenue	3,869	3,869		
Total Liabilities	73,485	73,485		
Fund Balances				
Unreserved-Undesignated	584,919	584,919		
Total Fund Balances	584,919	<u>584,919</u>		
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	<u>\$ 658,404</u>	\$ 658,404		

BLOOMER TOWNSHIP RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUND'S BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS March 31, 2008

Total Fund Balance			\$ 584,919
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resource are not reported in the governmental funds	es and the	refore	
Governmental capital assets	\$	213,427	
Less: Accumulated Depreciation		201,211	12,216
Deferred revenues reported in governmental funds are recognized as i	revenues in	the	
governmental activities			 3,869
Net Assets of Governmental Activities			\$ 601.004

BLOOMER TOWNSHIP GOVERNMENTAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE For the Year Ended March 31, 2008

	General	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues		
Taxes and Penalties	38,422	\$ 38,422
Licenses and Permits	1,435	1,435
State Grants	185,822	185,822
Charges for Services	2,914	2,914
Interest and Rents	19,576	19,576
Other Revenue	3,448	3,448
Total Revenues	251,617	251,617
Expenditures		
Current		
Legislative	7,331	7,331
General Government	43,456	43,456
Public Safety	14,656	14,656
Public Works	173,983	173,983
Community and Economic Development	7,291	7,291
Other	10,125	10,125
Total Expenditures	256,842	256,842
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	(5,225)	(5,225)
Fund Balance-April 1, 2007	590,144	590,144
Fund Balance-March 31, 2008	\$ 584,919	\$ 584,919

BLOOMER TOWNSHIP

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended March 31, 2008

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds		\$	(5,225)
Net changes in revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide cu	rrent		
financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds			3,869
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Activities, the cost of those assets is depreciated over their estimated use			
Expenditures for capital assets	\$ -		
Less: Current year depreciation	(5,633))	
Less: Loss on disposal of capital assets	-		(5,633)
Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities		<u>\$</u>	(6,989)

BLOOMER TOWNSHIP FIDUCIARY FUNDS - STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS March 31, 2008

ASSETS	Tax Fund
Cash and Cash Equivalents	<u>\$ 1,678</u>
Total Assets	\$ 1,678
LIABILITIES	
Liabilities Due to Other Funds	<u>\$ 1,678</u>
Total Liabilities	\$ 1,678

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies of Bloomer Township conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applicable to governmental units. The following is a summary of the significant accounting policies used by Bloomer Township:

REPORTING ENTITY

Bloomer Township is situated in Montcalm County near Carson City. The Township operates under an elected board of five members and provides services to residents in many areas including fire protection and general government services. Education services are provided to citizens through several local school districts, which are separate governmental entities.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of changes in net assets) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effect of inter-fund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include: (1) charges to customers who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment; and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meet the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items are not properly included among program revenues, and are reported instead as general revenue.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING, AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenue is recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenue is recognized as soon as it is both measurable and available. Revenue is considered to be available if it is collected within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Township considers revenues to be available if they are collected with 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, expenditures relating to compensated absences, and claims and judgments are recorded only when payment is due.

State grants, licenses and permits, charges for services and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual; therefore, they may have been recognized as revenue in the current fiscal period. All other revenues are considered to be measurable only when the Township receives cash.

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING, AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION (Continued)

<u>Taxes Receivable</u> - The Township property tax is levied on each December 1st based on the taxable valuation of property located in the Township as of the preceding December 31st. These taxes are due on February 28th. After that date, they are added to the county delinquent tax rolls.

Although the Township ad valorem tax is levied and collectible on February 1st, it is the Township's policy to recognize revenue from the current tax levy in the current year when the proceeds of this levy are budgeted and made "available" for the financing of operations. "Available" means collected within the current period or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period (60 days).

The 2007 State taxable valuation of the Township totaled \$34,813,894 on which ad valorem taxes levied consisted of .8283 mills for Township operating purposes raising \$28,787 for operating purposes.

The Township reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the Township's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources
of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Revenues
are primarily derived from property taxes and state shared revenue.

Additionally, the government reports the following fund types:

The Trust and Agency Fund accounts for the assets held by the Township in a trustee capacity or
as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governments, and/or other funds. Agency
funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results
of operations.

ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND NET ASSETS OR EQUITY

<u>Bank Deposits and Investments</u> - Cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with maturity of three months or less when acquired. Investments are stated at fair value.

<u>Receivables and Payables</u> - In general, outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Activity between funds that is representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year is referred to as "advances to/from other funds."

The Township has a note receivable outstanding with the Montcalm County Road Commission. In 2005, the Township loaned the road commission \$150,000 with 0% interest for 6 years. The Township will decrease their payments to the road commission each year by \$25,000 to supplement for the payment from the road commission. The balance of the note as of March 31, 2008 was \$75,000.

All trade and property tax receivables are shown as net of allowance for uncollectible amounts. Property taxes are levied on each December 1st based on the taxable valuation of property located in the Township as of the preceding December 31st. These taxes are due on February 28th. After that date, they are added to the county's delinquent tax rolls.

The delinquent real property taxes of the Township are purchased by Montcalm County. The County sells tax notes and the proceeds are used to pay the Township for these property taxes. These taxes have been recorded as deferred revenue for the current year since they are not available to fund expenditures of the current period.

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND NET ASSETS OR EQUITY (Continued)

<u>Capital Assets</u> - The Township defines Capital assets as assets with an initial cost of more than \$1,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Donated assets are reported at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. Additions, improvements, and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred. Depreciation on all assets is provided on the straight-line basis over the following useful lives:

Buildings and Improvements	40 years
Equipment and Furnishings	5 years
Data Processing Equipment	3 years

<u>Fund Equity</u> - In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose. Designations of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change. Currently, the Township does not have any reservations or designations of fund balance.

STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Budgetary Information

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for all governmental funds. This basis is consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Annual appropriated budgets are adopted for all required governmental fund types. The Township Boards prepares the annual budgets prior to December 31. A Public Hearing is conducted to obtain taxpayers' comments. The budget documents present information by fund, function, department and line items. The legal level of budgetary control adopted by the governing body is the department level.

EXCESS OF EXPENDITURES OVER APPROPRIATIONS IN BUDGETARY FUNDS

P.A. 621 of 1978, section 18(1), as amended, provides that a local unit shall not incur expenditures in excess of the amount appropriated.

During the year ended March 31, 2008, the Township incurred expenditures in certain budgeted funds, which were in excess of the amounts appropriated, as follows:

FUND		BUDGET ACTUAL APPROPRIATION EXPENDITURE				 DGET
General						
General Government:						
Supervisor	\$	4,294	\$	4,652	\$ 358	
Clerk	\$	8,197	\$	8,482	\$ 285	
Board of Review	\$	751	\$	1,503	\$ 752	
Cemetery	\$	3,753	\$	4,226	\$ 473	

ENCUMBRANCE ACCOUNTING

Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditures of moneys are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is not employed by Bloomer Township.

USE OF ESTIMATES

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Michigan Compiled Laws Section 129.91, authorizes the Township to deposit and invest in the accounts of Federally insured banks, credit unions and savings and loan associations; bonds, securities and other direct obligations of the United States, or any agency or instrumentality of the United States; United States government or Federal agency obligation repurchase agreements; bankers' acceptance of United States banks; commercial paper rated by two standard rating agencies within the two highest classifications, which mature not more than 270 days after the date of purchase; obligations of the State of Michigan or its political subdivisions which are rated investment grade; and mutual funds composed of investment vehicles which are legal for direct investment by local units of government in Michigan. Financial institutions eligible for deposit of public funds must maintain an office in Michigan.

The Township has designated three banks for the deposit of Bloomer Township funds.

The Township's deposits and investments are in accordance with statutory authority.

At year-end, the Township's deposits and investments were reported in the basic financial statements in the following categories:

	GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES		UCIARY UNDS	TOTAL PRIMARY GOVERNMENT		
Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments Restricted Assets	\$ 333,469 216,455	\$	1,678 - -	\$	335,147 216,455	
Total	\$ 549,924	\$	1,678	\$	551,602	

The breakdown between deposits and investments is:

		GOVERNMENT		
Bank Deposits (Checking and Savings Accounts, Certificates of Deposit) Investment in Securities (Mutual Funds and Similar Vehicles) Petty Cash and Cash on Hand	\$	551,602 - -		
Total	\$	551,602		

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DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Custodial credit risk is the risk that the Township will not be able to recover its deposits in the event of financial institution failure. The Township's deposits are exposed to custodial credit risk if they are not covered by federal depository insurance and are uncollateralized. At March 31, 2008, the Township has deposits with a carrying amount of \$551,602 and a bank balance of \$553,058. Of the bank balance, \$318,842 is covered by federal depository insurance and \$234,216 is uninsured and \$0 is collateralized. The Township believes that due to the dollar amounts of cash deposits and the limits of the FDIC insurance, it is impractical to insure all deposits. As a result, the Township evaluates each financial institution with which it deposits funds and assesses the level of risk of each institution; only those institutions with an acceptable estimated risk level are used as depositories.

INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

The amounts of the interfund receivables and payables are as follows:

FUND	INTERFUND RECEIVABLES	FUND	INTERFUND PAYABLES
General	\$ 1,678	Тах	\$ 1,678
	\$ 1,678		\$ 1,678

The interfund receivable and payable represent tax money collected; not yet remitted to the Township General Fund.

CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity of the primary government for the current year was as follows:

	BEGINNING BALANCE	INCREASES	DECREASES	ENDING BALANCE
Governmental Activities				
Capital Assets not Being Depreciated				
Land	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Subtotal	-			
Capital Assets Being Depreciated				
Buildings	187,272	-	-	187,272
Land Improvements	-	-	-	-
Furniture	5,400	-	-	5,400
Equipment	5,755	-	-	5,755
Data Processing Equipment	15,000	-		15,000
Subtotal	213,427			213,427
Less Accumulated Depreciation for				
Buildings	173,227	4,682	-	177,909
Land Improvements	-	-	-	-
Furniture	5,400	-	-	5,400
Equipment	1,951	951	-	2,902
Data Processing Equipment	15,000	-		15,000
Subtotal	195,578	5,633		201,211
Net Capital Assets Being				
Depreciated	17,849	(5,633)		12,216
Governmental Activities Total Capital Assets-				
Net of Depreciation	<u>\$ 17,849</u>	\$ (5,633)	<u> </u>	\$ 12,216

Depreciation expense was charged to programs as follows:

Governmental Activities	
General Government	\$ 5,633
Total Governmental Activities	\$ 5,633

RISK MANAGEMENT

The Township is exposed to various risks of loss related to property loss, torts, errors and omissions, and employee injuries. The Township manages its risk exposure through a combination of risk management pools and commercial insurance. The Township has insurance provided by an independent insurance company for worker's compensation. Following is a summary of the risk management pool participation.

The Township participates in the Michigan Township Participating Plan (Par Plan) for property, general liability, and employee bond coverage. The Michigan Township Participating Plan was established in April 1985, pursuant to laws of the State of Michigan, which authorizes local units of government to jointly exercise any power, privilege or authority which each might exercise separately. The purpose of the plan is to jointly exercise powers common to each participating member to establish and administer a risk management program; to prevent or lessen the incidence and severity of casualty losses occurring in the operation of its members; and to defend and protect any member of the authority against liability or loss.

The Michigan Township Participating Plan, while it operates under the Michigan Legislation of Public Act 138, does not operate as a risk pool due to a total transfer of risk to reinsurance companies backing the Par Plan. Due to this reinsurance purchase, there is no pooling of risk between members. The plan has protected itself in the event reinsurance becomes uncollectible by purchasing a reinsurance treaty for uncollectible reinsurance.

The Par Plan chose to adopt the forms and endorsements of conventional insurance protection and to reinsure these coverages 100%, rather than utilize a risk pool of member funds to pay individual and collective losses up to a given retention, and then have reinsurance above that retention amount.

The individual members are responsible for their self-retention amounts (deductibles), which vary from member to member.

At March 31, 2008, there were no claims that exceeded insurance coverage. The Township had no significant reduction in insurance coverage from previous years.

PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT

A certain error, resulting in the understatement of fund balance in the prior year, was corrected during the March 31, 2008 audit. The cumulative effect on fund balance from this error is as follows:

	GENERAL FUND	GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES
Fund Balance at April 1, 2007, as previously reported March 31, 2007 Interest Income not recorded March 31, 2007 Due from State not recorded March 31, 2007 Payable not recorded	\$ 566,444 4,232 29,086 (9,618)	
Fund Balance at March 31, 2007, as restated	\$ 590,144	
Net Assets at April 1, 2007, as previously reported March 31, 2007 Interest Income not recorded March 31, 2007 Due from State not recorded March 31, 2007 Payable not recorded March 31, 2007 Fixed Asset not recorded March 31, 2007 Depreciation not recorded		\$ 580,490 4,232 29,086 (9,618) 4,754 (951)
Net Assets at March 31, 2007, as restated		\$ 607,993

BLOOMER TOWNSHIP BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - GENERAL FUND For the Year Ended March 31, 2008

		RIGINAL BUDGET		MENDED BUDGET		ACTUAL		VARIANCE WITH AMENDED BUDGET	
Beginning of Year Fund Balance	\$	590,144	\$	590,144	\$	590,144	\$	-	
Resources (Inflows)									
Taxes and Penalties		43,421		43,421		38,422		(4,999)	
Licenses and Permits		1,600		1,600		1,435		(165)	
State Grants		139,576		139,576		185,822		46,246	
Charges for Services		4,069		4,069		2,914		(1,155)	
Interest and Rents		8,215		8,215		19,576		11,361	
Other Revenue		980		980		3,448		2,468	
Amounts Available for Appropriation		197,861		197,861		251,617	 ,	53,756	
Charges to Appropriations (Outflows)									
Legislative		8,739		8,739		7,331		1,408	
General Government								•	
Supervisor		4,294		4,294		4,652		(358)	
Elections		3,000		3,000		922		2,078	
Assessor		11,980		11,980		10,442		1,538	
Clerk		8,197		8,197		8,482		(285)	
Board of Review		751		751		1,503		(752)	
Treasurer		12,405		12,405		10,915		1,490	
Township Hall		3,750		3,750		2,314		1,436	
Cemetery		3,753		3,753		4,226		(473)	
Public Saftey						·		` '	
Fire		14,656		14,656		14,656		-	
Public Works						·			
Drains		12,437		12,437		-		12,437	
Highways		187,996		187,996		173,541		14,455	
Street Lighting		450		450		442		8	
Community and Economic Develop	ment								
Planning and Zoning		7,877		7,877		7,291		586	
Other		16,000		16,000		10,125		5,875	
Total Charges to Appropriations		296,285	_	296,285		256,842		39,443	
Excess of Resources Over (Under)									
Appropriations		(98,424)		(98,424)		(5,225)		93,199	
Budgetary Fund Balance									
March 31, 2008	\$	491,720	\$	491,720	<u>\$</u>	584,919	\$	93,199	

BLOOMER TOWNSHIP STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND For the Year Ended March 31, 2008

		RIGINAL UDGET	MENDED BUDGET	Δ	CTUAL	WITH	RIANCE AMENDED UDGET
Revenues			 				
Taxes and Penalties:							
Property Taxes				\$	26,853		
Delinquent Property Tax					2,956		
Collection Fees					8,613		
Total Taxes and Penalties	\$	43,421	\$ 43,421	-	38,422	\$	(4,999)
Licenses and Permits:							
Permits					1,435		
Total Licenses and Permits		1,600	1,600		1,435		(165)
State Grants:							
State Revenue Sharing					183,382		
Other					2,440		
Total State Grants		139,576	139,576		185,822		46,246
Charges for Services:							
Fire Runs					2,874		
Sale of Cemetery Lots					40		
Total Charges for Services		4,069	4,069		2,914		(1,155)
Interest and Rentals:							
Interest					19,221		
Rentals					355		
Total Interest and Rentals		8,215	8,215		19,576		11,361
Other Revenue:							
Metro Act					3,338		
Miscellaneous	•				110		
Total Other Revenue		980	980		3,448		2,468
Total Revenues		197,861	 197,861		251,617		53,756

BLOOMER TOWNSHIP

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND (Continued) For the Year Ended March 31, 2008

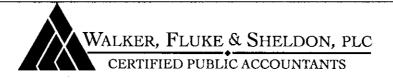
	ORIGINAL BUDGET	AMENDED BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE WITH AMENDED BUDGET
Expenditures				
Legislative:				
Township Board:				
Per Diem and Fees			4,000	
Deputies Wages			1,366	
Dues and Training			1,043	
Printing and Publishing			146	
Professional Fees			<u>776</u>	
Total Legislative	8,739	8,739	7,331	1,408
General Government:				
Supervisor:				
Salary			4,652	
Total Supervisor	4,294	4,294	4,652	(358)
Elections:				
Salary			648	
Miscellaneous			274	
Total Elections	3,000	3,000	922	2,078
Assessor:				
Contracted Services			10,049	
Miscellaneous			393	
Total Assessor	11,980	11,980	10,442	1,538
Clerk:				
Salary			6,510	
Supplies			91	
Professional Services			1,320	
Mileage			65	
Miscellaneous			496	
Total Clerk	8,197	8,197	8,482	(285)
Board of Review:				
Salary			1,468	
Miscellaneous			35	
Total Board of Review	751	751	1,503	(752)

BLOOMER TOWNSHIP STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND (Continued) For the Year Ended March 31, 2008

	ORIGINAL BUDGET	AMENDED BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE WITH AMENDED BUDGET
Expenditures (Continued)				
General Government (Continued):				
Treasurer:				
Salary			7,917	
Supplies			1,604	
Miscellaneous	40.40-		1,394	
Total Treasurer	12,405	12,405	10,915	1,490
Township Hall:				
Utilities			1,235	
Repairs and Maintenance			1,079	
Total Township Hall	3,750	3,750	2,314	1,436
Cemetery:				
Salaries			4,026	
Supplies			200	
Total Cemetery	3,753	3,753	4,226	(473)
Total General Government	48,130	48,130	43,456	4,674
Public Safety:				
Fire Protection:				
Contracted Services			14,656	
Total Fire Protection	14,656	14,656	14,656	
Total Public Safety	14,656	14,656	14,656	=
Public Works:				
Drains:				
Contracted Services			-	
Total Drains	12,437	12,437		12,437
Highways:				
Repairs and Maintenance			173,541	
Total Highways	187,996	187,996	173,541	14,455
Street Lighting:				
Utilities			442	
Total Street Lighting	450	<u>450</u>	442	8
Total Public Works	200,883	200,883	173,983	26,900

BLOOMER TOWNSHIP STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND (Continued) For the Year Ended March 31, 2008

	ORIGINAL BUDGET	AMENDED BUDGET	ACTUAL	VARIANCE WITH AMENDED BUDGET
Expenditures (Continued)		-	•	
Community and Economic Devel	opment:			
Planning and Zoning:				
Salaries			6,811	
Supplies			66	
Printing and Publishing			414	
Total Planning and Zoning	7,877	7,877	7,291	586
Total Community and Economic				
Development	7,877	7,877	7,291	586
Other:				
Sanitation			3,500	
Payroll Taxes			3,303	
Insurance and Bonds	16,000	16,000	3,322	12,678
Total Other	16,000	16,000	10,125	5,875
Total Expenditures	296,285	296,285	256,842	39,443
Excess of Revenues Over (Under)				
Expenditures	(98,424)	(98,424)	(5,225)	93,199
Fund Balance-April 1, 2007	590,144	590,144	590,144	_
Fund Balance-March 31, 2008	\$ 491,720	\$ 491,720	\$ 584,919	\$ 93,199



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To the Township Board Bloomer Township Montcalm County, Michigan

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of the Bloomer Township as of and for the year ended March 31, 2008, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the Bloomer Township's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Township's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Township's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. However, as discussed below, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial date reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the entity's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control. We believe that the following deficiencies constitute material weaknesses.

• The Township does not have the procedures in place to record year-end revenue and expenditure accruals, and changes in capital assets.

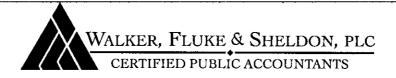
This communication is intended solely for the information and use of management, the board of trustees of Bloomer Township and the State of Michigan Department of Treasury and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Hastings, MI August 25, 2008

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August 25, 2008

To the Township Council Bloomer Township Montcalm County, MI

We have recently completed an audit of the financial statements of the Bloomer Township, Montcalm County, Michigan for the year ended March 31, 2008. During the course of the audit the following items came to our attention, which require further comment.

Budgets Should Be Reviewed On A Periodic Basis

The general appropriations act passed before the beginning of each fiscal year is the legal authority for the Township to spend public moneys. The general appropriations act specifies amounts that may be spent by budget category. The Township does not have legal authority to spend amounts in excess of specific appropriations.

P.A. 621 of 1978, section 18(1), as amended, provides that a local unit of government may not incur expenditures in excess of amounts appropriated. When it appears that more money will be spent than the amount originally appropriated, it is necessary to amend the budget. This can be done at any meeting prior to the fiscal year end and does not require a new public hearing. During the year ended March 31, 2008, the Township's actual expenditures exceeded their appropriations in several categories.

It is recommended the Township closely monitor the expenditures in relation to amounts appropriated and amend the budget when necessary. In addition, consideration should be taken at year-end for typical audit adjustments and amend the budget accordingly. The approved budget and all amended budgets should become a permanent part of the board minutes.

Receipt Book

During the course of the audit, it was noted that the treasurer was not utilizing a receipts book to record money collected.

A pre-numbered duplicate receipts book should be used to record all payments received. The receipt should indicate the date collected, the payer, the amount and whether the payment was made in cash or check. The top copy should be given to the customer and the bottom copy should be kept in tact in the book. The receipts should indicate which are added together to make one deposit. Receipts records provide valuable tracking information and internal controls over cash payments.

It is recommended the treasurer start using a pre-numbered receipts book for all money received.

Deposits should be made in Tact and in a Timely Manner

During the course of the audit, it was noted that the funds received by the clerk were not deposited timely by the treasurer.

According to the uniform accounting procedures manual for local units of government, deposits must be made at least on a monthly basis.

It is recommended all funds received should be deposited no less than once per month. Depositing funds on a regular basis is an important internal control to ensure that funds are properly safeguarded.

Cash Should Be Reconciled to the Bank Statement and the General Ledger Monthly

During the course of the audit, it was noted that the tax bank accounts had not been reconciled to the bank statement by the treasurer on a monthly basis. The general ledger did not reflect accurate tax account balances. Additional bookkeeping work is outside the normal procedures required by an audit and results in additional costs

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to the Township. One of the most important internal control procedures is for the Clerk and Treasurer to reconcile their books to the reconciled bank statements for all bank accounts maintained by the Treasurer. This step verifies that all the activity of the Township has been recorded in the Township general ledger.

It is recommended the bank reconciliations be compared to the general ledger on a monthly basis. Differences should be investigated in a timely manner. Adjustments should be made to the general ledger as necessary.

Interest Income Record Keeping

During the course of the audit, it was noted that interest income on some certificates of deposit was not being recorded when the interest was earned.

According to generally accepted accounting principles, the general and special revenue funds of governmental units use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when susceptible to accrual, i.e., both measurable and available. Available means, collected within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. Since the interest earned on certificates is periodically credited to the account, the interest being credited meets the measurable and available test for revenue recognition and must be recorded by the Township.

It is recommended the Township record interest income from certificates of deposit when it is credited to the account. The treasurer should request quarterly print outs for each certificate of deposit from the corresponding bank. The amount of interest credited to the account since the prior inquiry should be receipted and given to the clerk for posting in the general ledger. This documentation should be kept to support the entries and filed in an organized manner that is easily accessible. In addition, the clerk should reconcile the bank balance to the adjusted general ledger balance. Any discrepancies should be investigated and corrected in a timely manner.

The Township pays Officials and Employees in Advance

During the course of the audit, it was noted that numerous township officials were paid their salary in advance.

MCL 750.490 directs that it is illegal to pay official and employees in advance or to loan monies to anyone or to any organization from public funds. Since an official or employee has not yet earned the money, paying in advance would be considered a loan. Payroll frequency and dates must be in compliance with Internal Revenue Service guidelines.

It is recommended township officials should receive payment of wages on the first day of each calendar month for all wages earned during the preceding month.

The Township Has Not Adopted A Capital Outlay Policy nor Depreciation Policy

During the course of the audit, it was noted that the Township does not have a capital outlay policy or depreciation policy. A capital outlay policy helps the clerk determine which expenditures to capitalize as fixed assets vs. expensing as supplies or repairs and maintenance. It enables the board to identify and separately approve the purchase of fixed asset disbursements. This policy will become critical with the implementation of GASB 34, which requires more detailed accounting in the area of fixed assets. In addition, a deprecation policy sets forth the method and lives that these capital assets will be depreciated for GASB 34 purposes.

It is recommended the Township Council adopt a capital outlay policy that sets a dollar threshold, under which items would not require specific board approval and would be booked to supplies or repairs and maintenance. Expenditures over that dollar threshold would require board approval for the exact amount (including shipping, freight, add-on's, etc) and be recorded in the capital outlay accounts. The Township also needs to adopt a depreciation policy that would specify the method and useful lives to apply to the fixed asset listing to calculate depreciation expense.

The Township Has Not Adopted An Investment Policy

During the course of the audit, it was noted that the organization had not adopted an investment policy.

P.A. 196 of 1997 was signed and took immediate effect on December 30, 1997, which required the legislative body to adopt an investment policy that, at a minimum, includes the following:

 A statement of the purpose, scope, and objectives of the policy, including safety, diversification, liquidity, and return on investment.

- 2. A delegation of authority to make investments.
- 3. A list of authorized investment instruments.
- 4. A statement concerning safekeeping, custody, and prudence.

After approval, the treasurer shall provide each financial intermediary, broker, or dealer with a copy of the investment policy and shall obtain an acknowledgment from them stating that they agree to comply with the terms of the investment policy.

It is recommended the Board of Directors write and adopt an investment policy in compliance with P.A. 196 of 1997. The treasurer of the Bloomer Township should provide each authorized depository with a copy and obtain the proper acknowledgment.

We would like to take this opportunity to thank the Bloomer Township Clerk and Treasurer for the cooperation and courtesy extended to us during the audit. If you have any questions or need assistance, do not hesitate to contact us.

Walker. Fruke of Shelder, PLC